

On January 17, 2001, the terrorist Abd al-Salaam Hasuna (hereinafter: "Abd al-Salaam") came to the Armon David event hall in Hadera, armed with an M-16 rifle and hand grenades and wearing a vest with ammunition clips, with the intention of carrying out a murderous terrorist attack.

The Bat Mitzvah celebration of a young girl, Nina Kardashov, was taking place in the hall at the time, with scores of guests. Abd al-Salaam burst into the hall, shooting in all directions, and before being overcome by some of the guests, succeeded in intentionally causing the death of six of the guests: Anatoly Bakshayev of blessed memory, age 63, Edward Bakshayev of blessed memory, age 48, Boris Malikhov of blessed memory, age 56, Dina Binayev of blessed memory, age 48, Alice Ben Israel (Aharon) of blessed memory, age 32, Avi Yazdi of blessed memory, age 25, and wounding scores of other persons, some of them seriously (see the testimony of Witness No. 1 for the prosecution, Brigadier General Moshe Waldman, Witness No. 24 for the prosecution, Shimon Lugasi, Witness No. 12 for the prosecution, Konstantin Kardashoff, Witness No. 20 for the prosecution, Superintendent Yehuda Peretz, P/1 (presentation), P/27 (medical documents), P/36 (M-16 rifle), P/44 (cassettes), P/58 (expert opinion), P/59 (death certificate of Anatoly Bakshayev of blessed memory), P/60 (death certificate of Avi Yazdi of blessed memory), P/61 (death certificate of Boris Malikhov of blessed memory), P/62 death certificate of Dina Binayev of blessed memory), P/63 through P/66 (expert opinions).

According to an argument that was set forth by the State, the Defendant – who, as set forth above, was one of the senior commanders of the Terrorist Organization – conspired with Ahmad Abu Khadr (Witness No. 6 for the prosecution) and additional activists to perpetrate a terrorist attack, which was intended to deliberately cause the death of many Israeli civilians. Within the framework of this organization, which was headed by the Defendant, Abd al-Salaam was recruited, trained in firing an M-16 rifle, supplied with weaponry and ammunition clips for the purpose of the training and the perpetration of the deed, and transported to the site of the terrorist attack in Hadera. Prior to the terrorist attack, Abd al-Salaam was photographed on the instructions of the Defendant, reading a will which had been written for him by the Defendant and holding an M-16 rifle which belonged to the Defendant in his hand, so that afterward it would be possible to send the photographs to the media. In fact, after the terrorist attack, the Defendant did instruct Yasir Abu Bakr (Witness No. 25 for the prosecution) to prepare posters which were distributed, and which stated that the Terrorist Organization was responsible for the terrorist attack and had carried it out.

The admission by the Defendant is as follows:

P/5:

"12. I supplied Abd al-Salaam Hasuna with weapons for carrying out the suicide attack in Hadera."

[Stamp] P 5: 263

P/6:

“A. I spoke with him about many terrorist attacks, and I remember that I spoke with him about a shooting attack which I had carried out along with Muayad Jamil and Mahmoud Titi and Baid Abu Mustafa near the Hawara refugee camp, directed against a military vehicle. I also spoke with him about placing explosive charges in the vicinity of Zuata; I had participated in those terrorist attacks along with Muayad Jamil and Muhammad Yadak and Mahmoud Titi and Ahmad Abu Khadr, and I reported to him about the suicide attack in Jerusalem and in Hadera, which we had performed.

Q. Which suicide attack in Hadera?

A. The one carried out by Abd al-Salaam Hasuna.”

“[Q.] Can you explain how the terrorist attack was carried out in Hadera and Jerusalem?

A. Yes. Abd al-Salaam Hasuna, a resident of Beit Amrin, contacted Ahmad Abu Khadr (Witness No. 6 for the Prosecution) and told me [sic] that he wanted to commit suicide [*al-laset shahad*] and Ahmad contacted me and told me. And after Raad al-Karami died, we decided to carry out a terrorist attack, and Ahmad photographed Abd al-Salaam Hasuna in the Balata refugee camp, and I gave him weapons: an M-16 and a hand grenade, and we gave Abd

[Stamp] P 5: 263 [continued]

Felony Case (Tel Aviv) 1137/02State of Israel v. Nasser Mahmoud Ahmad Aweis

al-Salaam NIS 400. He went to Tulkarm by public transportation, where he met with Mahmoud Titi in the home of Mansour Sharim, a resident of Tulkarm. From there, according to the [plan for the] terrorist attack, Mahmoud was responsible for sending him to Hadera, and the terrorist attack was carried out in the hall, and as far as I know, a number of people were killed in that attack.”

The “additional item” is as follows:

The witness Ahmad Abu Khadr, P/17, p.3:

“I also confess that I was the one who photographed Abd al-Salaam Hasuna of Beit Amrin before he set out to carry out the suicide attack in Hadera, about six months ago.”

P/18, p.14: “To tell the truth, I was the one who recruited Abd al-Salaam Hasuna, a resident of Beit Amrun [sic]. Abd al-Salaam is a friend of mine and we worked together in Nablus in the National Security. Abd al-Salaam asked me, about six months ago, to arrange for him to carry out a suicide attack ... After Abd al-Salaam asked me to arrange for him to perpetrate a suicide attack in Israel, I contacted Nasser Aweis and told him about Abd al-Salaam ... and then we decided to send him out for a suicide attack in revenge for the death of Raad al-Karami. Nasser asked me to train him in the use of weapons, so that he would be prepared to carry out the terrorist attack successfully. That is what I did; I trained him to use an M-16 rifle ... I took the weapon and eight clips of bullets from Nasser Aweis. The day fater that, I brought Abd al-Salaam to Nasser Aweis’s house in the Balata refugee camp, and, in Nasser Aweis’s house and in his presence, I filmed Abd al-Salaam reading the will written by Nasser and holding an M-16 weapon belonging to Nasser, and making the hand gesture of the *shahadaa*. We filmed him with a video camera and photographed him with an ordinary camera. Nasser took the cassette and the pictures. We gave Abd al-Salaam an M-16 rifle and six clips of bullets and two hand grenades, which Nasser had brought. After the photography session, at about 8:00 p.m., I went out to look for a taxi, and I found Ayman, a taxi driver who lives in Balata, about 26 years old, and I asked him to help us transfer a young man to Tulkarm, without telling him that he was a suicide attacker. He agreed to do that, and took Abd al-Salaam to Tulkarm. He took the M-16 rifle, the clips of bullets and the hand grenades in a bag, after having disassembled the M-16 into two pieces. When Abd al-Salaam had gone to Tulkarm in Ayman’s Taxi, Masr called Mahmoud Titi and informed him that the man was on his way to him. I should note that Nasser had spoken with Mahmoud Titi before that and had told him to prepare himself to meet Abd al-Salaam, in order to help him enter Israel. I knew that from Nasser. I was not involved in the conversations between them. I was later told that Mahmoud Titi had received Abd al-Salaam in Tulkarm, and that, when [Abd al-Salaam] reached Hadera, he prepared a terrorist attack in an event hall, and that he was killed, and that he killed a number of Israelis, I think six in all ...”

Ahmad Barghouti, P/43D:

[Stamp] P 5: 264

“The night of the terrorist attack in the event hall in Hadera, I was with Marwan Barghouti, Karim Aweis and ‘Abu Rabia’ in the Orthodox restaurant in Ramallah. Suddenly, they announced on television that the terrorist attack had taken place in the event hall in Hadera. I called Nasser Aweis and he told me that he was responsible for that terrorist attack – that is, that members of the *Shuhadaa al-Aqsa* Brigades had carried out that terrorist attack. I agreed with Nasser Aweis that, the next day, he would give me a poster stating that he was taking responsibility for the terrorist attack. The next day, Nasser sent me the poster by fax and I photocopied it 1,000 times and distributed it in Ramallah.”

Count No. 3:

[Stamp] P 5: 264 [continued]

On January 22, 2002, the terrorist Said Ramadan came to the corner of Jaffa Road and Lunz Street in downtown Jerusalem, armed with an M-16 rifle and two clips of bullets, with the intention of perpetrating a murderous terrorist attack. Ramadan shot at civilians who were passing there at the time, and intentionally caused the death of Sarah Hamburger of blessed memory, age 79, and Ora (Svetlana) Sandler of blessed memory, age 56, who were innocently walking down the street, and wounded scores of persons, some of them seriously. Ramadan was shot to death by policemen who reached the scene. (See the testimony of Witness No. 22 for the prosecution, Avi Ben Ami, Witness No. 26 for the prosecution, Asaf Azulai, Witness No. 3 for the prosecution, Commander Haggai Dotan, Witness No. 14 for the prosecution, Ben Naim Hanan, Witness No. 15 for the prosecution, Noam Gabbai, P/30 (presentation), P/48 (M-16), P/48A (report on the seizure of exhibits), P/77 (photographs from the scene of the incident), P/78 (death certificate of Sarah Hamburger of blessed memory), P/79 (death certificate of Ora Sandler of blessed memory).

According to an argument that was set forth by the State, the Defendant – who, as set forth above, was one of the senior commanders of the Terrorist Organization – entered into a conspiracy with Mahmoud Titi and other activists, for the purpose of perpetrating a terrorist attack which was intended to intentionally cause the death of many Israeli civilians. In order to promote and implement the conspiracy, which was headed by the Defendant, Ramadan was recruited, supplied with equipment, photographed as a suicide attacker – all according to the pattern typical of the Organization, as described in the previous accounts – and transported to the scene of a terrorist attack. Following the terrorist attack, the terrorist's photograph was distributed to the media.

The admission by the Defendant is as follows:

P/5:

“11. I supplied Said Ramadan with weapons for carrying out the suicide attack in Jerusalem.”

P/6:

“Q. Which terrorist attack in Jerusalem?”

A. The terrorist attack carried out by Said Ramadan in September 2001.”

“... And the terrorist attack in Jerusalem was carried out in such a way that Said Ramadan contacted Mahmoud Titi and said that he had been a friend of Raad Karama and that he wanted to avenge his killing, and Mahmoud told me. I then met with Said and I understood that he wanted to carry out the terrorist attack, and I called Ahmad Barghouti in Ramallah and I asked him to take him to Jerusalem, and Ahmad agreed. Said went to Ramallah by public transportation, where me met with Ahmad Barghouti. The next day, Said went to Jerusalem and

[Stamp] P 5: 265

Felony Case (Tel Aviv) 1137/02

State of Israel v. Nasser Mahmoud Ahmad Aweis

shot at a group of policemen and civilians, and in that terrorist attack, two people were killed, and so was Said.”

The “additional item” is as follows:

Ahmad Barghouti, P/43A:

“I asked Nasser Aweis if he could help me by bringing me someone who wanted to carry out a terrorist attack, and I would send him to Jerusalem to carry out the attack there. Nasser told me that he would send me someone, and after some time, Said Ramadan, from the village of Tel Shekhem, about 25 years old, came to me and said that he would carry out the terrorist attack. I met him next to the movie theater in Ramallah and I called Muhammad Abu Satkha and told him to come too, and from there, we went to the barber shop where Said got a haircut. Then we called Fares Hatawi and asked him if he could bring the man into Jerusalem, because he wanted to carry out a suicide attack, and Fares said that he could do it, and then Fares went out in his car to look at the road and see what was happening. Meanwhile, Ahmad Abu Satra [sic] and I

[Stamp] P 5: 265 [continued]

took Said to [illegible, probably "pray"] and eat, and I bought him new clothes and shoes with my own money, for NIS 1,200. After that, I told Muhammad Abu Satra [sic] to bring an M-16 rifle and three clips of bullets and give them to Said, and he did. Then Fares Hatawi and Muhammad Sami arrived in an Isuzu which belonged to Fares, and it was in the afternoon when they went with Said to Jerusalem. We wished them success and they drove off with Said. I did not tell them where to go; they could take him wherever they wanted to.

Q.-A. We did not film Said on video before the terrorist attack, because Nasser Aweis had already done so.

Q. At the beginning of your testimony, you told me that you do not know Fares Hatawi, Muhammad Sami, and all the rest, and now I see that you did meet them. How is that?

A. I met them in Raad Karami's mourning tent, and that was when I saw them. At about 4:30 p.m., I heard on the news that there had been a shooting attack in Jaffa Road in Jerusalem, and I knew that was Said's terrorist attack. So I called Fares Hatawi and asked him if they had been the ones ... who had taken Said to Jaffa Road, and Fares said that they had dropped him off in Jaffa Road, and that they had heard the shots he fired after he got out of the car. The next day, I took \$1,000 from Ali Fares Barghouti and I told him that the people had gone out to perpetrate a terrorist attack, and that the weapons had been lost in the terrorist attack. I gave Fares Hatawi and Muhammad Abu Satria [sic] and Muhammad Sami each \$100 for that terrorist attack. After that, Fares Hatawi, Muhammad Sami, al-Nuf, and another man named Husam Shehadeh from Qatanduha came to me and asked me why I had not paid them for the terrorist attacks that they carried out, and I said that I would look into it."

Count No. 4:

On March 9, 2002, the terrorists Shahadi al-Najmi and Said Bata arrived in the area of Jeremy Hotel on Gad Machnes Street in Netanya, armed with M-16 rifles and fragmentation grenades. The two fired bursts into the lobby of the hotel and threw two fragmentation grenades. The two succeeded in intentionally causing the death of a one year old baby, Avia Malka of blessed memory. As the security forces were overcoming the two, Yihya Israel of blessed memory, age 29, who happened to be nearby, was also shot. As a result of the act committed by the two, scores of additional persons were wounded, some of them seriously. (See the testimony of Witness No. 2 for the prosecution, Brigadier General Aharon Franco, Witness No. 10 for the prosecution, G.M., witness No. 16 for the prosecution, Sergeant Major Malka, P/28 (report), P/26 (medical documents of Witness No. 11 for the prosecution), P/29-P/30 (assault rifles), P/31 (photographs), P/67 (expert opinion), P/68 (death certificate of Avia Malka of blessed memory), P/69-P/71 (expert opinions).

According to an argument that was set forth by the State, the Defendant – who, as set forth above, was one of the senior commanders of the Terrorist Organization – entered into a conspiracy with Mahmoud Titi and Khadr (Witness No. for the prosecution), for the purpose of

[Stamp] P 5: 266

Felony Case (Tel Aviv) 1137/02

State of Israel v. Nasser Mahmoud Ahmad Aweis

perpetrating a terrorist attack which was intended to intentionally cause the death of many Israeli civilians. Within the framework of this organization, which was headed by the Defendant, and in order to carry out [the terrorist attack], Shahadi and Said were recruited, equipped with an M-16 rifle, 12 clips of bullets and two hand grenades, photographed reading their wills and holding an M-16 rifle, and transported to the scene of the terrorist attack. After the terrorist attack and in accordance with the typical pattern, the Defendant called the media and informed them that the Terrorist Organization was responsible for the terrorist attack and had carried it out.

The admission by the Defendant is as follows:

P/5:

“6. I delivered weapons for the perpetration of a terrorist attack in Netanya.”

[Stamp] P 5: 266 [continued]

P/7:

“Q. Did you have any involvement with a shooting attack in Netanya?

A. Yes, I was involved with a shooting attack in Netanya, which was carried out by terrorists whose names I do not know. About two days before that terrorist attack, Ahmad Abu Khadr called me and told me that he would be able to bring two people into Israel, in order for them to carry out a suicide attack, and I contacted Mahmoud Titi and asked him if he could bring in suicide attackers, and he answered in the affirmative. Then I gave Ahmad two grenades and Mahmoud Titi gave them two M-16 weapons, and Ahmad Abu Khadr photographed them and explained to them about the terrorist attack. Then Ahmad Abu Khadr went with them as far as Baqa al-Sharqiya and left them, and they walked along a dirt road into Israel and went from there to Netanya, and Ahmad went back to Nablus. After a few hours, we heard on television that there had been an exchange of fire between the suicide attackers and police forces near a hotel in Netanya, and that civilians and policemen had been wounded in the terrorist attack, and that two people had been murdered and two others had been killed by the police. I called the media and took responsibility for the attack.

Q. Do you have anything to add about the terrorist attack in Netanya?

A. No.”

The “additional item” is as follows:

Ahmad Abu Khadr (Witness No. 6 for the prosecution), in P/13:

“I confess that, about a month ago, Nasser Aweis told me that he intended to send two suicide attackers to the city of Netanya, in order to carry out a suicide attack, and asked me to help transport the suicide attackers from Nablus to Kafr Rai, and of course, I agreed.

Q. Who are those two suicide attackers?

A. The first suicide attacker is Shadi [sic] al-Najmi, a resident of the Ein Beit Alma camp, and the second one’s name is Said Bata, a resident of the Ashar camp ... and both of them were wounded in a terrorist attack. That day, Nasser Aweis told me that Shadi Najmi [sic] had worked in Netanya and was familiar with the area. Q. [A.] Nasser Aweis told me that Mukadi Mukaher, a resident of al-Ain, 28 years old and married, was working for the naval police [sic] in Nablus, and that he was an activist in *Kitaab Shuhadaa al-Aqsa*. Mukadi is Nasser’s and my accomplice in planning and sending the suicide attackers to Netanya, and Nasser asked me to take the two suicide attackers in the stolen Pontiac with Israeli license plates from Nablus to Kafr Rai, and I agree. On the day of the terrorist attack, I went out at about 3:00 p.m., in a taxi, to the area of Jabal Shamali in Nablus, and there, Mukadi Mukaher and the two

[Stamp] P 5: 267

suicide attackers were waiting for me in the Pontiac. Shadi was wearing blue jeans and a black shirt, and Said was wearing green pants. There, Mukadi said goodbye to them and I took them to Kafr Rai in the Pontiac. Q. What weapons did the suicide attackers have? A. Each one of them had an M-16 rifle. I saw Shadi holding a black plastic bag with an explosive charge in it, and after we got to Kafr Rai, I called Nasser Aweis and told him that we had arrived. Nasser asked to speak to Shadi, and I heard Shadi telling Nasser that he knew the way from there. Then Shadi gave the mobile phone to me, and Nasser instructed me to go back to Nablus in the taxi, and that is what I did. When I got back to Nablus, I heard on the news about the terrorist attack in Netanya, in which the two suicide attackers had been killed, and I remember they talked about a terrorist attack in a hotel in Netanya.”

P/18:

“Q. In the second testimony which you gave, you talked about a suicide attack in Netanya, which took place a month before you gave the testimony, and you claimed that your job was to take the two suicide attackers from Nablus to Kafr Rai. Exactly where did you take them from, and do you know whether they were photographed before they went out to perpetrate the terrorist attack?

[Stamp] P 5: 267 [continued]

A. In addition to taking the two suicide attackers, Shadi and Said, I confess that, the day before the terrorist attack, Nasser Aweis asked me to come to the town square in Nablus and pick up Shadi and Said, and then to come to his home in the refugee camp, so that he could give me a will which he had prepared for the two suicide attackers. He also asked me to take the two suicide attackers home, photograph them, and wait for instructions.

That is what I did: I picked them up, took the will from Nasser along with a video camera, and when I got home, I filmed the two of them, each holding an M-16 in their hands, with Shadi reading the will.

Q. From whom did they get the weapons?

A. I took the will and the camera from Nasser. He gave me two M-16 weapons and 12 clips full of bullets and a hand grenade, and I gave them to them.”

Count No. 5:

On March 30, 2002, the terrorists Majdi Hanfar and Fathi Amiri (hereinafter “Majdi and Fathi”) were on their way to carry out a terrorist attack in Israel, armed with an M-16 rifle, hand grenades and an explosive charge. Majdi and Fathi ran into a force of Border Patrol police near Baqa al-Gharbiya, fired on the policemen and threw a fragmentation grenade.

The two succeeded in intentionally causing the death of a Border Patrol policeman, Master Sergeant Konstantin Danilov of blessed memory, and in wounding another policeman, Senior Master Sergeant Amil Ibrahim. (See the testimony of Witness No. 27 for the prosecution, Amir Sher, Witness No. 18 for the prosecution, Chief Superintendent Farid Ghanam, Witness No. 19 for the prosecution, Tal Vermot, P/49 (report on the seizure of exhibits), P/72-P/73 (expert opinions), P/74-P/75 (photographs), P/76 (expert opinion).

According to an argument that was set forth by the State, the Defendant – who as set forth above, was one of the senior commanders of the Terrorist Organization – entered into a conspiracy with Titi and Khadr (Witness No. 6 for the prosecution), for the purpose of perpetrating a terrorist attack which was intended to intentionally cause the death of many Israeli civilians. Within the framework of this organization, which was headed by the Defendant, and in order to carry out [the terrorist attack], Majdi and Fathi were recruited, equipped with an M-16 rifle, hand grenades and an explosive belt. The Defendant also gave instructions to arrange for the arrival of the two in Israel, transferred an amount of money totaling NIS 3500 which was intended for the purchase of a stolen car to be used for transporting them, and instructed Khadr to accompany them part of the way. After the terrorist attack, the Defendant called the media and informed them that the Terrorist Organization was responsible for the terrorist attack and had carried it out.

The admission by the Defendant is as follows:

P/5:

[Stamp] P 5: 268

Felony Case (Tel Aviv) 1137/02

State of Israel v. Nasser Mahmoud Ahmad Aweis

"10. I delivered weapons for the execution of a shooting attack, a sacrifice attack (note by the interrogator; a suicide attack), which was supposed to be carried out in Hadera, but the terrorist attack did not succeed and people were killed in the vicinity of Baqa al-Gharbiya."

P/6:

"Q. Yes, Yasir and I worked together, to send out suicide attackers with Mahmoud Titi and Ahmad abu Khadr from Silat al-Dhaher, and if we needed anything, such as photographing the suicide attackers or distributing posters, we would use Yasir. About two weeks before the army came into Nablus, I asked Yasir to try to obtain an explosive belt for a suicide bomber, in order to carry out a terrorist attack within Israel. Yasir, in fact, brought an explosive belt, and we gave it to a suicide bomber, who traveled with another person in order to perpetrate a terrorist attack in Israel, and when he got to Baqa al-Gharbiya, soldiers shot at him and they were both killed, and during these exchanges of fire, a Border Patrol policeman was killed in Baqa.

Q. Where was the terrorist attack that you are talking about supposed to have been carried out?

A. In Hadera, and we did not define a target, and according to the plan, one of the suicide attackers was supposed to shoot and the other was supposed to blow himself up ...

Q. What kind of vehicle did the suicide attackers travel in?

A. I do not know, but I gave Ahmad NIS 3,500 in order for him to buy a stolen car to transport the suicide attackers, and Ahmad went with them to Tulkarm and showed them the way and came back by public transportation."

P.7:

"After the four of them were arrested on their way to Ramallah, Mahmoud Titi contacted me and told me that he wanted to carry out a suicide attack next to Israeli soldiers, and he asked me for an M-16 weapon, and I had an explosive belt in my possession, and I did give him an M-16. We agreed that the attack would be carried out within Israel, next to soldiers, and that after [one] suicide attacker blew himself up, another one would fire. According to what Muhammad said, he did succeed in locating two people who would carry out the terrorist attack, one from Nablus and the other one from Jiyus.

Q. How did Mahmoud Titi get to know the two people who were supposed to carry out the terrorist attack next to the soldiers?

A. According to what he told me, Ahmad Abu Khadr was the one who introduced him to the man from Nablus, and Mahmoud Titi already knew the one from Jiyus.

[Stamp] P 5: 269

Q. Who brought the suicide attackers into Israel?

A. A man named Mansour Sharim from Tulkarm.

Q. How did they get in, and how was the terrorist attack carried out in Israel?

A. They got in with a car, which had been stolen by Mansour Sharim, and after they had entered Israel and were on their way to Hadera in order to carry out the terrorist attack, a few hours later, we heard on the radio that the Israeli police had suspected the car, and that there had been an exchange of fire with the suicide attackers and they had been killed, and two of the police had been wounded, as far as I know.

Q. How did the exchange of fire with the police take place?

A. On the way to Hadera, a police car suspected that the car was stolen and asked them to stop, but they started shooting. After that, the policemen succeeded in killing them. After I heard on the radio that they had been killed, I called the media and informed them that the terrorist attack had been carried out by *Kitaab [Shuhadaa]al-Aqsa*."

[Stamp] P 5: 269 [continued]